

### THEME CARD: Assessment & Feedback

Good assessment and feedback design should help empower and engage learners and provide opportunities for feedback dialogue (peer and/or teacher-learner).

These cards aim to help staff redesign their assessment and feedback practice in innovative ways that will allow learners to develop the ability to self-regulate their own learning and therefore improve the quality of their learning experience.



### Clarify good performance

Help clarify what good performance is (goals, criteria, standards)

To what extent do learners in your course have opportunities to engage actively with goals, criteria and standards, before, during and after an assessment task?





- Clarify good performance
- Encourage time and effort on task
- Deliver high quality feedback
- Provide opportunities to act on feedback
- Encourage interaction and dialogue
- Develop self-assessment and reflection
- Give assessment choice
- Encourage positive motivational beliefs
- Inform and shape your teaching

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Provide clear definitions of academic requirements before each learning task.	Explain to learners the rationale of assessment and feedback techniques.
Provide explicit marking criteria and performance-level definitions.	Before an assessment, let learners examine selected examples of completed assessments
Provide opportunities for discussion and reflection about criteria and standards before	to identify which are superior and why (individually or in groups).
learners engage in a learning task.	Organise a workshop where learners devise,
Ask learners to reformulate in their own words the documented criteria before they begin the	in collaboration with you, some of their own assessment criteria for a piece of work.
task. This could be submitted with the assessment.	Ask learners to add their own specific criteria to the general criteria provided by you.
Model in class how you would think through and solve exemplar problems.	Work with your learners to develop an agreement, contract or charter where roles
Provide learners with model answers for assessment tasks and opportunities to make	and responsibilities in assessment and learning are defined.
comparisons against their own work.	



## Encourage time and effort on task

Encourage time and effort on challenging learning tasks

To what extent do your assessment tasks encourage regular study in and out of class and deep rather than surface learning?



## Deliver high quality feedback

Deliver high quality feedback information that helps learners self-correct

What kind of teacher feedback do you provide - in what ways does it help learners self-assess and self-correct?



#### ✓ Encourage time and effort on task



Reduce the size (e.g. by limiting the word count) and increase the number of learning tasks (or assessments). Distribute these across the module.		Give learners online multiple-choice tests to do before a class and then focus the class teaching on areas of identified weakness based on the results of these tests.
Make such tasks compulsory and/or carry minimal marks (5/10%) to ensure learners engage but staff workload does not become excessive.		Use a 'patchwork text' - a series of small, distributed, written assignments of different type Each of these are complete in themselves but
Break up a large assessment into smaller parts.  Monitor performance and provide feedback in a		can also be 'stitched together' through a final integrative commentary.
staged way over the timeline of your module.		Award fewer marks for early assessments or
Empower learners by asking them to draw up their own work plan for a complex learning task. Let them define their own milestones and deliverables before they begin. Assign some marks if they		allocate all marks for the final synthesis. This format gives learners some choice by allowing them to select which patches to include in the final reflective account.
deliver as planned and on time.		Have learners undertake regular small tasks tha carry minimal marks, with regular feedback.
Provide homework activities that build on/link in-class activities to out-of-class activities.		Provide learners with mock exams so they have
Ask learners to present and work through their solutions in class supported by peer comments.	_	opportunities to experience what is required for summative assessment in a safe environment.
Align learning tasks so that students have opportunities to practise the skills required before the work is marked		

#### ✓ Deliver high quality feedback

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_	Provide opportunities for your learners to work through problem sets in tutorials, where feedback from you is available. This ensures that the feedback is timely and is received when learners get 'stuck'.  Ensure feedback turnaround time is prompt, ideally within two weeks.	0	Ensure that feedback is provided in relation to previously stated criteria, as this helps to link the feedback to the expected learning outcomes.  Limit the number of criteria for complex tasks; especially extended writing tasks, where good performance is not just ticking off each criterion but in more about producing a helicito response.
	ideally within two weeks.  Give plenty of documented feedback in advance of learners attempting an assessment, e.g. a 'frequently occurring problems' list.	0	but is more about producing a holistic response.  Instead of providing the correct answer, point learners to where they can find the correct answer.
	Give plenty of feedback to learners at the point at which they submit their work for assessment. This feedback might include a handout outlining suggestions in relation to known difficulties shown by previous learner cohorts supplemented by in-class explanations. Learners are most receptive to feedback when they have just worked through their assessment.	0	Ask learners to attach three questions that they would like to know about an assessment, or what aspects they would like to improve.  Ask learners to self-assess their own work befor submission and provide feedback on this self-assessment as well as on the assessment itself.



### Provide opportunities to act on feedback

Provide opportunities to act on feedback (to close any gap between current and desired performance)

To what extent is feedback attended to and acted upon by learners, and if so, in what ways?



# Encourage interaction and dialogue

Encourage interaction and dialogue around learning (peer and teacher-learner)

What opportunities are there for feedback dialogue (peer and/or teacher-learner) around assessment tasks in your course?

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Increase the number of opportunities for resubmission of assessments.	Use teaching time to involve learners in identifying action points for future
Model the strategies that might be used to deal with difficulties with learners work in class.	assessments. Learners could formulate these action points after having read the feedback comments they have received
Avoid releasing the grade for an assessment or task until the learner	Provide online tasks where feedback is integrated into the task.
has responded to the feedback by commenting on it.	Provide learners with model answers fo assessment tasks and opportunities for
Write down some action points alongside the normal feedback you provide. This	them to make comparisons against thei own work.
would identify for learners what they should do next time to improve their performance.	
Ask learners to find one or two examples of feedback comments that they found	

useful and explain how these might help

them with future assessments.

### ✓ Encourage interaction and dialogue



	Review feedback in tutorials. Ask learners to read the written feedback comments on an		Support the development of learning groups and learning communities.
п	assessment and discuss this with peers.  Encourage learners to give each other feedback		Construct groupwork to help learners to make connections.
_	on an assessment in relation to published criteria before submission.		Ask learners to set tasks for each other.
	Create natural peer dialogue by group projects. Structure tasks so that learners are encouraged to discuss the criteria and standards expected		Encourage the formation of peer study groups or create opportunities for learners from later years to support or mentor learners in earlier years.
	beforehand, and return to discuss progress in relation to the criteria during the project.		Link modules together as a pathway so that the same learners work in the same groups across a
	Use learner response systems to make lectures more interactive.	_	number of modules.  Require learners in groups to generate the
	Facilitate teacher-learner feedback in class	ч	criteria used to assess their projects.
_	through the use of in-class feedback techniques.		Ask learners, in pairs, to produce multiple-choice
	Ask learners to answer short questions on paper at the end of class. Use the results to provide feedback and stimulate discussion at the next		tests, with feedback for the correct and incorrect answers.
	class.		



## Develop self-assessment and reflection

Facilitate the development of self-assessment and reflection in learning

To what extent are there formal opportunities for reflection, self-assessment or peer assessment in your course?



#### Give assessment choice

Give choice in the topic, method, criteria, weighting or timing of assessments

To what extent do learners have choice in the topics, methods, criteria, weighting and/or timing of assessment tasks in your course?

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#### Develop self-assessment and reflection



Create a series of online objective tests and quizzes that learners can use to assess their own understanding of a topic or area of study.	Directly involve learners in monitoring and reflecting on their own learning, through portfolios.
Ask learners to request the kind of feedback that they would like when they hand in their work.	Ask learners to write a reflective essay or keep a reflective journal in relation to their learning.
Structure opportunities for peers to assess and provide feedback on each other's work using set criteria.	Help learners to understand and record their own learning achievements through portfolios Encourage learners to link these
Use confidence-based marking (CBM). Learners must rate their confidence that their	achievements to the knowledge, skills and attitudes required in future employment.
answer is correct. The higher the confidence the higher the penalty if the answer is wrong.	Ask learners, in pairs, to produce multiple-choice tests over the duration of the
Use an assessment cover sheet with questions to encourage reflection and self-assessment.  Ask learners to make a judgement about	module, with feedback for the correct and incorrect answers.
whether they have met the stated criteria and estimate the mark they expect.	

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- Give learners opportunities to select the topics for extended essays or project work, encouraging ownership and increasing motivation.
- Give learners choice in timing with regard to when they hand in assessments managing learner and teacher workloads. Particularly appropriate where students have many assignments and the timings for submissions can be negotiated.
- Require learner groups to generate the criteria that could be used to assess their projects.
- Ask learners to add their own specific criteria to the general criteria provided by the teacher. Take these into account in the final assessment.

Ask learners, in pairs, to produce multiple-choice tests with feedback for correct and incorrect answers, which reference the learning objectives. Let the rest of the class take these tests and evaluate them. These could be used in the final assessment.



## Encourage positive motivational beliefs

Encourage positive motivational beliefs and self-esteem

To what extent do your assessment and feedback processes activate your learners' motivation to learn and be successful?



# Inform and shape your teaching

Provide information to teachers that can be used to help shape the teaching

To what extent do your assessment and feedback processes inform and shape your teaching?

#### Encourage positive motivational beliefs

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Structure learning tasks so that they have a progressive level of difficulty.	Adjust assessment to develop learners' responsibility for their learning.
Align learning tasks so that learners have opportunities to practice skills before work is	Give learners opportunities to select the topics for extended essays or project work.
marked (summatively assessed).  Encourage a climate of mutual respect and	Provide learners with some choice in timing with regard to when they hand in assessments.
accountability.  Provide objective tests where learners	Involve learners in decision-making about assessment policy and practice.
individually assess their understanding and make comparisons against their own learning	Provide lots of opportunities for self-assessment
goals, rather than against the performance of other learners.	Encourage the formation of supportive learning environments.
Use real-life scenarios and dynamic feedback.	Have learner representation on committees that
Avoid releasing marks on written work until after learners have responded to feedback comments.	discuss assessment policies and practices.
Redesign and align formative and summative assessments to enhance learner skills and	

independence.

### ✓ Inform and shape your teaching



	Request feedback from one-minute papers where learners carry out a small assessment task and hand it in anonymously at the end of a class. Use the information from these to inform	Use learner response systems to provide dynamic feedback in class. The stored data provides information about responses, which could be analysed.
0	teaching in the next class.  Have students request the feedback they would like when they make an assignment submission.	Provide opportunities for learners to self-assess and reflect on their learning. A record of these reflections provides information about the
	Provide opportunities for frequent low-stakes assessment tasks with regular outputs to help you gauge progress.	Request feedback from learners on their assessment experiences in order to make
	Deliver online multiple-choice tests before a class. Analyse and use the information gathered from these to determine what is taught in class.	improvements.  Carry out a brief survey mid-term or mid-semester while there is time to address
	Use online tools with built-in fuctionality for individual recording and reporting - providing information about levels of learner engagement with resources, online tests and discussions.	major concerns.





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Good assessment and feedback practice should

